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§8-505.

- (a) (1) (i) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, before or during a criminal trial, before or after sentencing, or before or during a term of probation, the court may order the Department to evaluate a defendant to determine whether, by reason of drug or alcohol abuse, the defendant is in need of and may benefit from treatment if:
- 1. It appears to the court that the defendant has an alcohol or drug abuse problem; or
 - 2. The defendant alleges an alcohol or drug dependency.
- (ii) A court shall set and may change the conditions under which an examination is to be conducted under this section.
- (iii) The Department shall ensure that each evaluation under this section is conducted in accordance with regulations adopted by the Department.
- (2) (i) If a defendant is serving a sentence for a crime of violence, as defined in § 14–101 of the Criminal Law Article, a court may not order the Department to evaluate a defendant under this section until the defendant is eligible for parole.
- (ii) Nothing in this paragraph may be construed to prohibit a defendant who is serving a sentence for a crime of violence, as defined in § 14–101 of the Criminal Law Article from participating in any other treatment program or receiving treatment under the supervision of the Department under any other provision of law.
 - (b) On consideration of the nature of the charge, the court:
- (1) May require or permit an examination to be conducted on an outpatient basis; and
- (2) If an outpatient examination is authorized, shall set bail for the defendant or authorize the release of the defendant on personal recognizance.
- (c) (1) If a defendant is to be held in custody for examination under this section:

- (i) The defendant may be confined in a detention facility until the Department is able to conduct the examination; or
- (ii) The court may order confinement of the defendant in a medical wing or other isolated and secure unit of a detention facility, if the court finds it appropriate for the health or safety of the defendant.
- (2) (i) If the court finds that, because of the apparent severity of the alcohol or drug dependency or other medical or psychiatric complications, a defendant in custody would be endangered by confinement in a jail, the court may order the Department to either:
- 1. Place the defendant, pending examination, in an appropriate health care facility; or
- 2. Immediately conduct an evaluation of the defendant.
- (ii) Unless the Department retains a defendant, the defendant shall be promptly returned to the court after an examination.
- (iii) A defendant who is detained for an examination under this section may question at any time the legality of the detention by a petition for a writ of habeas corpus.
- (d) (1) If a court orders an evaluation under this section, the evaluator shall:
 - (i) Conduct an evaluation of the defendant; and
- (ii) Submit a complete report of the evaluation within 7 days to the:
 - 1. Court;
 - 2. Department; and
 - 3. Defendant or the defendant's attorney.
- (2) On good cause shown, a court may extend the time for an evaluation under this section.

- (3) Whenever an evaluator recommends treatment, the evaluator's report shall:
- (i) Name a specific program able to immediately provide the recommended treatment; and
- (ii) Give an actual or estimated date when the program can begin treatment of the defendant.
- (e) (1) The Department shall immediately provide the services required by this section.
- (2) A designee of the Department may carry out any of its duties under this section.
- (f) Evaluations performed in facilities operated by the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services shall be conducted by the Administration.

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